Oregon's Economic and Housing Outlook





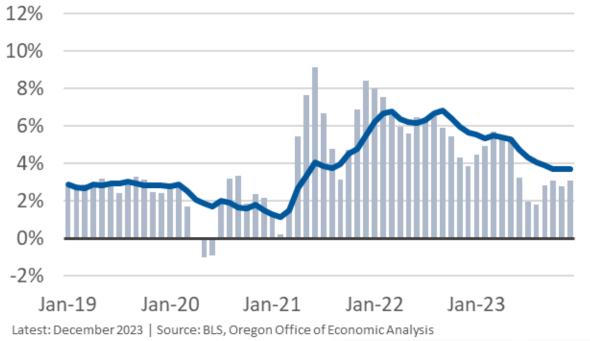
January 12th, 2023

Economic soft landing looks likely



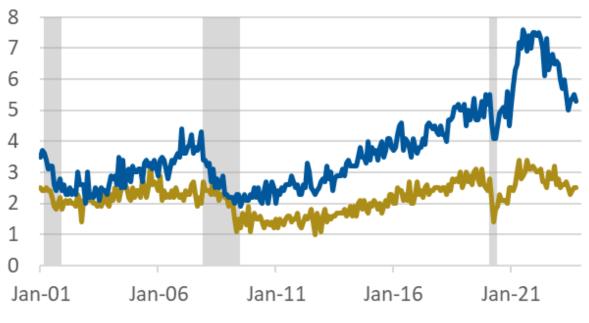
Inflation Near Fed's Target

West Region Consumer Price Index excluding Food and Energy (Core CPI) Percent change, **Year-over-Year** and **3 Month (annualized rate)**



Labor Market has Rebalanced

Job Opening rate and Worker Quits rate (percent) in Oregon

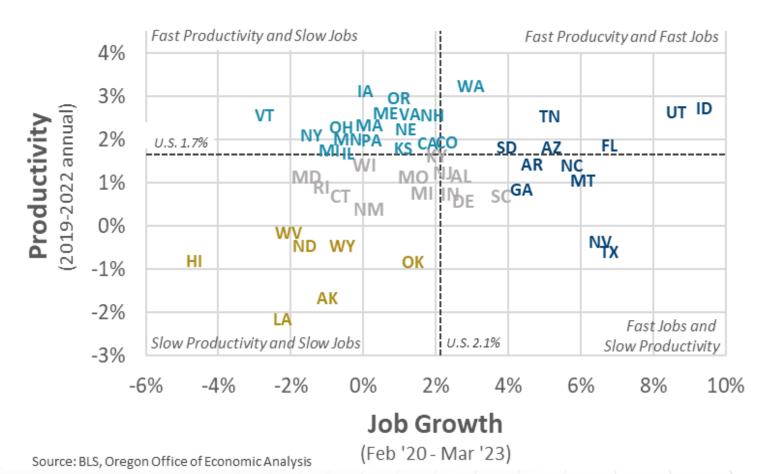


Latest Data: October 2023 | Source: BLS, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

Economies rely on labor and capital



Pandemic Economic Growth Across States



- Labor
 - Population growth and workingage demographics
- Productivity
 - Business & capital investment
 - Start-ups help bring new products & efficiencies to market
 - Types of capital
 - Financial
 - Human
 - Natural
 - Physical
 - Social

CHIPS Act Impacts Expected

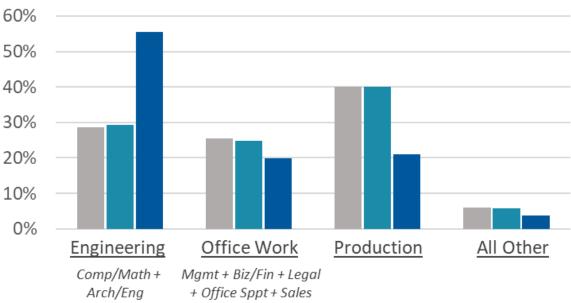


Oregon Computer and Electronic Product Manufacturing Employment



Semiconductor Workforce

Share of all jobs by occupation in the United States, the 10 States with the Largest Semiconductor Workforce, and Oregon

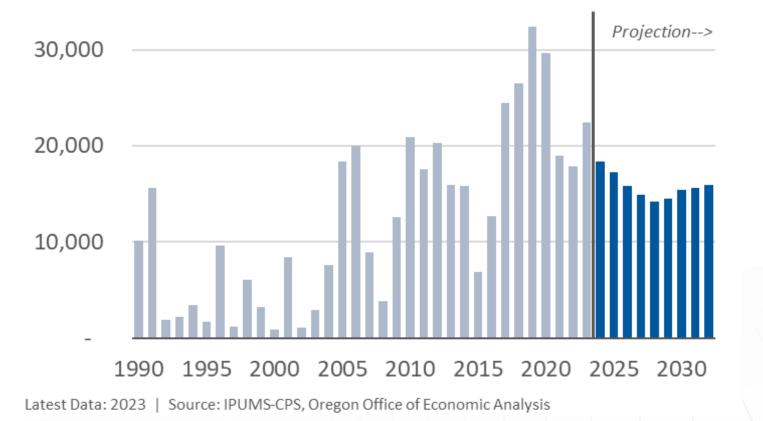


Data: 2022 | Source: BLS, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

Labor market is cyclically strong, and structurally tight

Oregon Retirements

Annual change in Oregonians 60+ years old not in the labor force



- Strong, inclusive recovery
 - Disparities did not widen based on age, educational attainment, gender, geographic location, or race and ethnicity
 - Disparities did widen based on wealth

• Labor market is tight

- Cyclically due to strong economy
- Structurally due to demographics of increased retirements and slower population growth

• Forecast

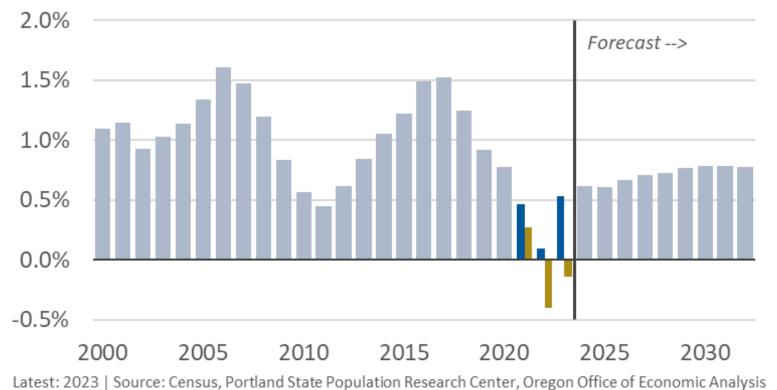
- Oregon's potential labor force expected to increase just 0.6% per year this decade
- Latent Labor Force: reducing historical disparities based on sex, race and ethnicity, and educational attainment among existing Oregonians would boost the workforce

Population growth slowly returns



Oregon Population Growth

Annual change in total state population OEA History and Forecast, Portland State Estimates, Census Estimates

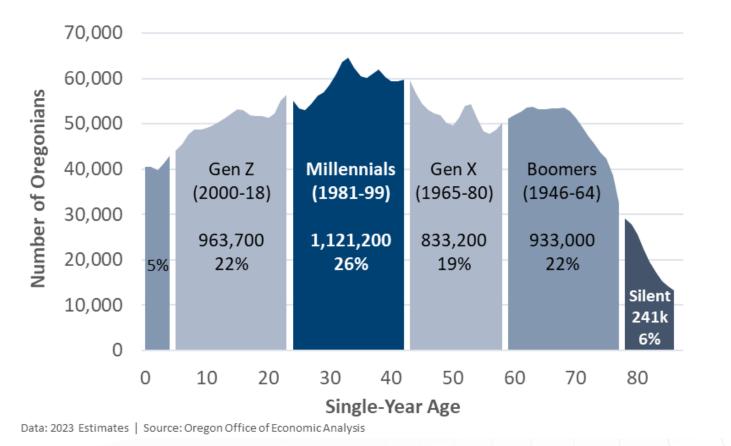


- Stagnant population during the pandemic, although estimates are mixed with PSU up slightly, and Census down slightly
- Migration is the primary reason Oregon grows faster than the U.S. It allows local businesses to hire and expand at a faster rate.
- Updated Population Data
 - Deaths continue to outnumber births
 - Surrendered driver licenses at Oregon DMVs continues to match levels seen last decade
 - New data from the Cleveland Fed based on credit reports, shows the Portland metro population may be stabilizing, even as the urban core continues to lose residents

Current Demographics are Great



Oregon Population and Generations



• Millennials

- Largest generation alive
- Now middle-age and a key economic force
- Huge homeownership demand

• Boomers

- Entering into traditional retirement years
- Most have decent savings and are still in good health
- Downsizing in the 2030s

• Gen Z

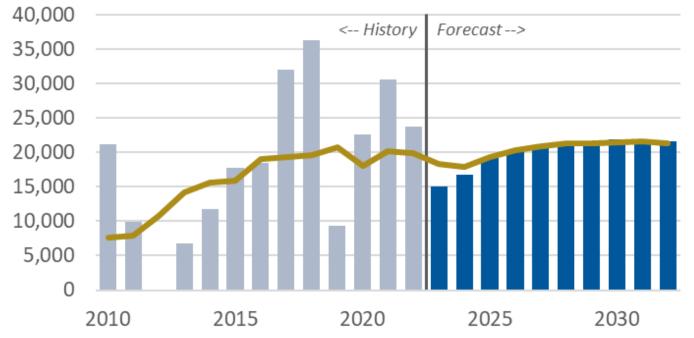
- Somewhat smaller, barely offsets retiring Boomers
- Oregon needs Gen Z to move here like Boomers and Millennials before them
- Economic driver in the 2040s

Housing supply matters



Oregon Housing Fundamentals

Annual Housing Starts, Change in No. of Household, and Projected Household Formation based soley on population and demographics

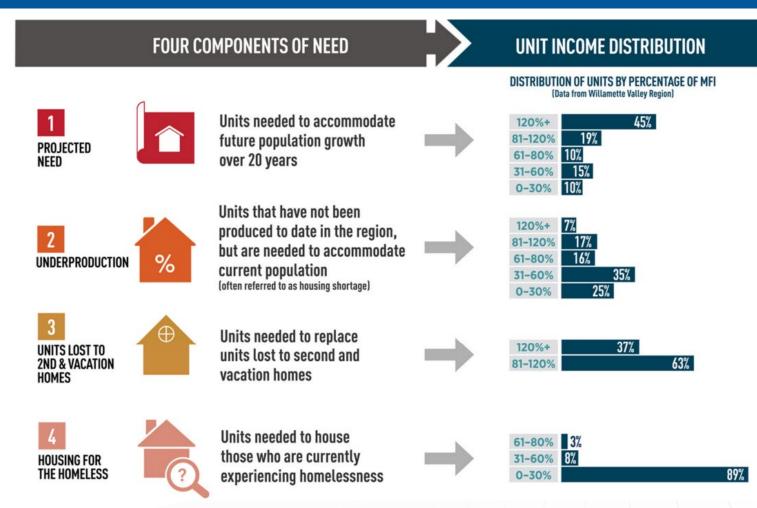


Housing starts based on OEA estimates and forecast. Change in number of households from ACS 1 year estimates. Projected houseold formation based on OEA population forecast, using 2000 ACS headship rates by age Source: Census, IPUMS-USA, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

- Oregon has historically underbuilt housing
- Industry running into supply side constraints
- Affordability issues impact all Oregonians, especially low-income households, and slows future growth
- During the pandemic, household formation boomed even with a stagnant population
- Outlook
 - Near-term decline due to high rates and bad affordability
 - Long-term closely tied to population and demographics
 - Underproduction shortfall not made up in the baseline



Oregon Housing Needs Analysis (OHNA)



- Housing needs analyzed at the city and regional level, with breakdowns by income bracket based on the local income distribution
- Oregon Office of Economic Analysis (OEA) will do the analysis, Oregon Housing and Community Services (OHCS), and Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) will implement the policy and assist local governments

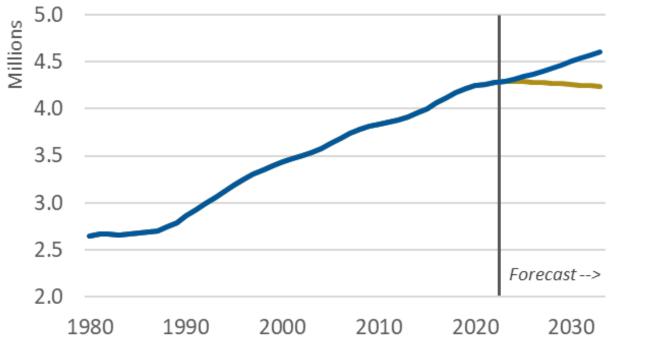
Note: Data for unites distributed by income are for the Willamette Valley Region Source: ECONorthwest

Zero Migration, Alternative Scenario



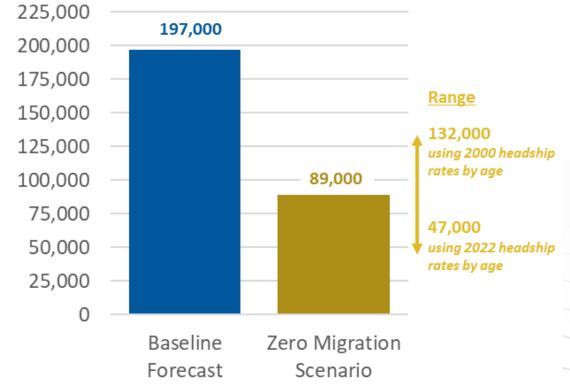
Oregon Population

Number of Oregon residents, all ages
Baseline Forecast | Zero Migration Scenario



Oregon Housing Demand

Change in the number of households from 2023 to 2033



Latest Data: 2022 | Source: Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

Source: IPUMS-USA, Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

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