

METRO/ODOT MOBILITY POLICY UPDATE

Project Briefing | October 2019

Kim Ellis, Metro Project Manager

Today's purpose

Introduce project

Seek feedback on:

- draft project objectives
- proposed approach



Project purpose

Update the policy on how the region defines mobility and measures success for our transportation system

Recommend amendments to the RTP and Oregon Highway Plan Policy 1F for the Portland area



Why Now?













2018 Regional Transportation Plan

A blueprint for the future of transportation in the greater Portland region

Adopted December 6, 2018

oregonmetro.gov/rtp

2018 RTP failed to meet current mobility policy

Cities and counties are increasingly unable to meet current mobility policy

Better align policy with regional values, goals and desired outcomes, as well as with state and local goals

- Shift focus from vehicles to people and goods
- Can't afford what it would take to meet policy
- Impacts remain a top concern

State, regional and local decisions are connected to the mobility policy

TARGETS

STANDARDS

Planning for the future

Regulating plan amendments

Mitigating development impacts

Managing and designing roads

Transportation system plans, corridor and area plans, including concept plans to set performance expectations to identify needs as defined in the RTP and Oregon Highway Plan

Zoning changes and land use plan amendments using transportation thresholds defined in the Oregon Highway Plan for state-owned roads and local codes for cityand county-owned roads

Development approval process to mitigate traffic impacts using thresholds defined in the OHP and local codes

Operational and road project designs as defined in the 2012 Oregon Highway Design Manual and local codes

* Focus of this effort

Two-year timeline for updating our policy

We Are Here

2019

Project Scoping

Background Policy Analysis and Best Practices Research 2020

Develop and Test
Mobility Policy
Approaches Using Case
Studies

Jan. to Aug. 2021

Develop Recommended Mobility Policy

Public Review and Approval Process

Targeted stakeholder outreach and engagement



Metro Council action on JPACT recommendations



Oregon Transportation Commission action on Metro Council and JPACT recommendations The Commission will be engaged throughout the project.

Where is this headed?

2020-21

Update regional mobility policy

This effort

Plan 2020-23

2021-TBD Incorporate through OHP amendment/update

2021-23

 Incorporate through RTP and functional plan updates

Implement Post 2023

Post 2023

- Implement through TSPs and other local ordinances
- Update state and local standards, guidelines and best practices

Scoping engagement activities

- ☑ TPAC and MTAC
- ☑ Coordinating committees (TACs)
- **☑** JPACT
- ☑ Community leaders' discussion
- ☑ Coordinating committees (policy)
- MPAC



We've heard broad support for proposed approach and objectives



"Be equitab<u>le"</u>

"Consider statewide interests"

"Focus on outcomes"



"Provide flexibility"

"Strive for simplicity"

"Make multimodal"

"Consider climate, housing and public health"



"Consider design and development review impacts"

ty"

"Better inform decisions"

"Be

achievable

and legally defensible"

"Support 2040 Growth Concept"



"Be

forward

thinking"

Ç

Mobility measures to explore



Travel time and reliability



Duration of congestion (volume-to- capacity ratio)



Access to jobs, destinations and transit



Mode share



System completeness and connectivity



People and goods throughput



Safety



Vehicle hours traveled



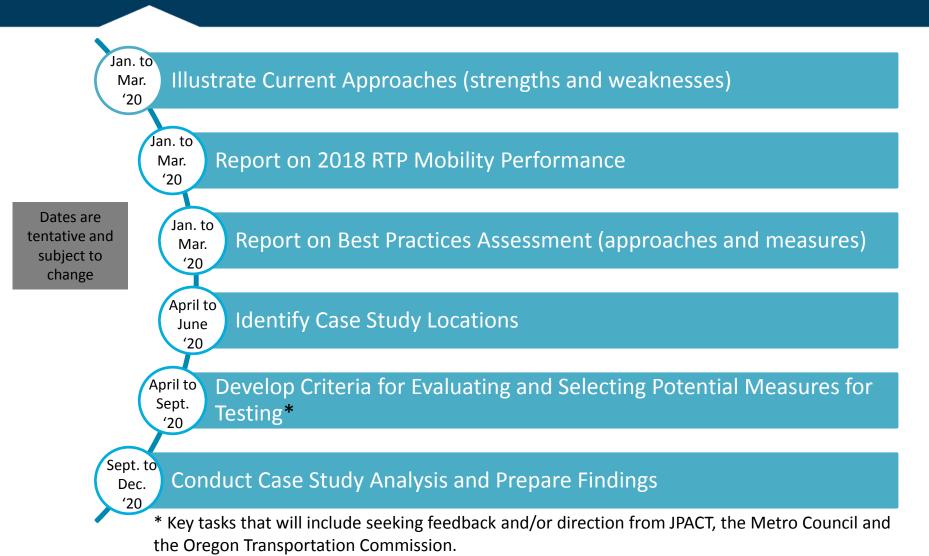
Vehicle miles traveled



Trip length

Note: This list is not exhaustive and will be updated to capture previous Metro, ODOT, DLCD and local government performance measure work and findings from the PSU/TREC best practices research that is underway.

DRAFT Key work plan tasks in 2020



DRAFT Key work plan tasks in 2021



^{*} Key tasks that will include seeking feedback and/or direction from JPACT, the Metro Council and the Oregon Transportation Commission.

DRAFT Key engagement strategies



Metro Council, JPACT and Oregon Transportation Commission decisionmaking processes

Metro technical and policy advisory committees' meetings

County coordinating committees' meetings

Technical expert panels/workshops/forum(s), practitioner briefings

Community leaders' forums

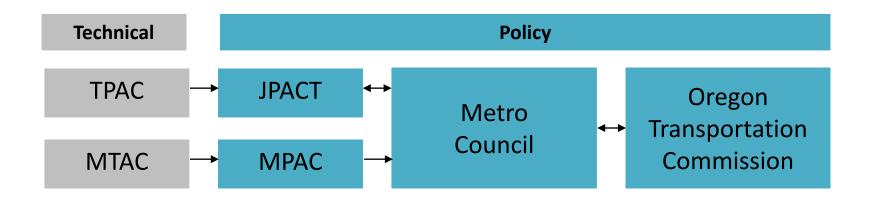
Factsheets, newsfeeds, E-newsletters

Consultation activities

Public comment period and hearings

Project website

Decision-making process



The information gathered from engagement activities will be shared with advisory committees and decision-makers in a variety of ways to ensure they have opportunity to contemplate and fully consider stakeholder and public input.

Next steps for 2019

MAY – OCT.

Stakeholder interviews, existing committees and other outreach to shape approach and desired outcomes for update

TREC/PSU research begins in Sept. through Dec.

Project team finalizes work plan and engagement plan for TPAC recommendation and JPACT and Metro Council consideration

OCT. – NOV.

TPAC reviews work plan and engagement plan and makes recommendation to JPACT

OCT. – DEC.

JPACT and Council discuss and consider approval of work plan and engagement plan

Questions and discussion

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Visit oregonmetro.gov/mobility

oregonmetro.gov



What is our current congestion policy?

Targets accept peak period congestion and aim to preserve off-peak mobility for

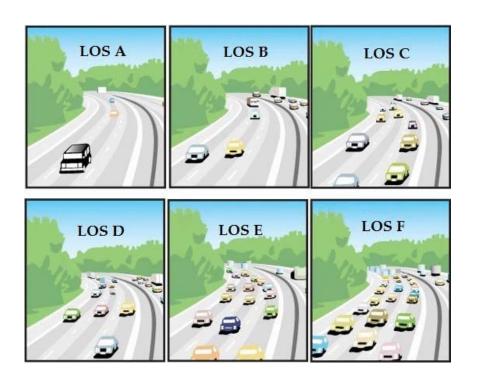
freight

8110		RTP Targets	;
Locations	Mid-day	1 st hour*	2 nd hour*
Centers and main streets	.99	1.1	.99
Arterials outside of centers and main streets	.90	.99	.99
Throughways**	.99 or .90	1.1 or .99	.99

^{* =} AM/PM 2-hour peak period

^{** =} Varies by facility

Traditional measure of congestion | Volume-to-capacity ratio | What it looks like and how it's measured



LOS	V/C	Throughways
Α	.50 to .59	More than 60 mph
В	.60 to .69	57 to 60 mph
С	.70 to .79	54 to 57 mph
D	.80 to .89	46 to 54 mph
E	.90 to .99	30 to 46 mph
F	1.0	Less than 30 mph
>F	>1.0	Demand exceeds capacity

Source: Adapted from TRB Highway Capacity Manual

The most widely adopted metric for reporting transportation system performance in the U.S. since the 60's

Measures how full the road system is based on vehicle volumes, capacity of road and vehicle speeds.

2000 RTP tailored the mobility policy to support the 2040 Growth Concept

- New targets for vehicle traffic accept peak period congestion and aim to preserve offpeak travel flow for freight
- "Interim" policy represented a major shift in transportation policy
- Policymakers based new policy on political consensus that the public was:
 - (a) not expecting this level of mobility
 - (b) unwilling to pay for the road capacity it would require
 - (c) wary of the impacts of projects that would have to be built
- The policy was subsequently adopted in the Oregon Highway Plan in 2002



2000 RTP adopted new strategies for managing congestion

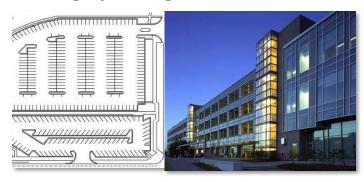
Set targets to reduce driving alone



Set targets for system sizing & connectivity



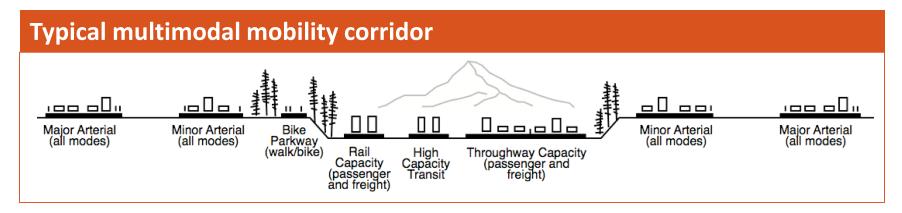
Manage parking





2010 RTP focuses on broader outcomes

- Begins transition to focus on broader desired outcomes
- Identifies the need to update the region's mobility policy
- Introduces concepts of mobility corridors and system completion to define a finish line for the regional system



2018 RTP further advances performance-based decisions

- New and updated system
 performance measures and
 targets reflect broader set of
 goals and desired outcomes
- Equity, safety, climate and congestion identified as priorities
- New federal MAP-21 targets that focus on reliability for people and freight

